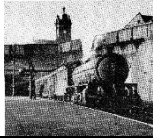






Seaside Holidays

HISTORY KNOWLEDGE ORGANISER

Key Knowledge

Seaside holidays	People have been going on seaside holidays for over a hundred years.
Railways	Rail travel made it cheaper and easier for people and their families to travel to the seaside. 
Bank Holidays	The 1871 Bank Holidays Act declared that certain days throughout the year were official holidays (when banks and offices closed). The working classes went there on day trips from the factory towns. Wealthier people went for a week in the summer, staying in hotels or guest houses. 
Seaside holiday activities	Many things we see at the seaside now such as donkey rides, fairgrounds and buckets and spades have been enjoyed by people for over a hundred years. 
Skegness	A seaside resort on the east coast of England. The official opening of the Clock Tower was in 1899. Skegness also had a pier for people to walk along out across the sea. 
Punch and Judy	Punch and Judy was a popular puppet show featuring Mr Punch, his wife, a crocodile and some sausages. 



Key Vocabulary

seaside	A place by the sea, especially a beach area or holiday resort.
coast	Where the sea meets the land.
beaches	A pebbly or sandy shore by the sea.
pier	A raised platform supported by pillars that rises above the water and juts out from its shore.
amusement arcades	An indoor area containing coin operated game machines.
promenade	A paved public walk along the seafront.
railways	A network of tracks for trains to travel on.
bathing machine	A wooden machine where people got changed into their swimwear. It was pulled by a horse down to the sea.

Know how to...

History Skills and Enquiry

- Sequence events within living memory.
- Recount some events and changes within living memory.
- Begin to recognise why they and others act as they do.
- Experience primary sources of evidence.
- Begin to suggest what information we can get from sources.
- Find answers to simple questions about the past from sources of information e.g. artefacts.
- Talk, draw or write about aspects of the past
- Know and understand key features of some events within living memory

Timeline of Historical Events

